

# Making a Case for Learning Motion Representations with Phase

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# Eulerian versus Lagrangian Motion



- Lagrangian motion (optical flow) estimates the changes in position over time — match points/patches.
- Eulerian approach (phase variations over time) flux statistics over time

   number of measurements stays constant.

## Gains of Eulerian Motion

- ▶ No feature extraction and matching of patches between frames.
- ▶ No missing correspondences, rotating objects, occlusion.



We focus on phase-based motion [Wadhwa et. al., SIGGRAPH, 2013].

## Gains of Eulerian Motion

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- Constant number of measurements over time.
- Phase information is **innate** to the image.



We focus on phase-based motion [Wadhwa et. al., SIGGRAPH, 2013].



[Fleet et. al., IJCV, 1990] show that the temporal gradient of the phase over a spatially band-passed video over time directly relates to the motion field.

- Local motion  $\leftrightarrow$  local edges with different orientations.
- Using a steerable pyramid [Simoncelli, Trans. on Info. Theory, 1992] we decompose the image into localized subbands.
- ▶ The local-phase variations over time, give the local motion.

$$(G^{\theta}_{\sigma} + iH^{\theta}_{\sigma}) \otimes \underbrace{\ell(x, y)}_{\text{Image}} = A^{\theta}_{\sigma}(x, y) e^{i\phi^{\theta}_{\sigma}(x, y)}$$

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$$G_{\sigma}^{\theta} + iH_{\sigma}^{\theta} \otimes (x, y) = A_{\sigma}^{\theta}(x, y)e^{i\phi_{\sigma}^{\theta}(x, y)}$$
Complex Filters  
scale -  $\sigma$   
orientation -  $\theta$   
Channels

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- 1. Action Recognition
  - Starting point: Two stream network [Simonyan et. al., CVPR, 2014].
- Motion Prediction in Static Images

   Starting point: RCNNs [Liang et. al., CVPR 2015], [Pinheiro et.al., ICML 2014].
- \*Motion Transfer in Static Images

   Starting point: Artistic style transfer [Gatys et. al., 2015].
- 4. \*Motion Transfer in Videos
  - Starting point: Artistic style transfer in videos [Ruder et. al., 2016]

• Convolve the input frame/image with the steerable complex filters.



• Get oriented amplitude and phase at different scales.



▶ Add the image appearance info into a deep net formulation.



## Phase-based Action Recognition



Experimental Setup:

- Compare against [Simonyan et. al., CVPR, 2014].
- ► Action Recognition datasets: HMDB51 and UCF101.

#### Phase-based Motion Prediction in Static



Experimental Setup:

- Compare against optical-flow motion prediction [Walke, ICCV, 2015].
- ► Motion prediction datasets: HMDB51 and UCF101.

## Phase-based Motion Transfer in Static

Given an input **static image** transfer the style of a video motion.



Static

Video

Transferred

#### Phase-based Motion Transfer

In static:

- Correctly aligning the parts of the objects that have similar motion is essential for the motion transfer task.
- ▶ We propose to add a wight pixels-wise correlation to the "style loss" of [Gatys et. al., 2015].

In video:

► Follow [Ruder et. al., 2016] and add a temporal constrain between the transferred frame phases.

## Conclusions

- We propose an Eulerian phase-based approach to motion representation learning.
- ▶ We argue for the intrinsic stability of the phase-based motion description.
- ▶ We explore a set of motion learning tasks in an Eulerian setting:
  - ▶ (a) action recognition,
  - ▶ (b) motion prediction in static images,
  - ▶ (c) motion transfer from a video to a static image and
  - ▶ (d) motion transfer in videos.

And we propose a phase-based approach.

▶ We provide a small proof of concept.

# Thank you

